UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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INVENTORI	NUMINATION	FORIVI DATE	ENIERED	
SEE I	NSTRUCTIONS IN HOW T TYPE ALL ENTRIES	O COMPLETE NATION		3
1 NAME			<u> </u>	
HISTORIC	Larkin House			
AND/OR COMMON				
	Larkin House			
2 LOCATION	J .			
STREET & NUMBER	510 Calle Principa	le		
CITY TOWN	·		NOT FOR PUBLICATION CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	ICT
CITY, TOWN	Monterey	VICINITY OF	12th	iiCi
STATE		CODE	COUNTY	CODE
	California	06	Monterey	053
3 CLASSIFIC	ATION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENT USE
DISTRICT	X PUBLIC	X_OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	X_MUSEUM
XBUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	BOTH	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENC
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT .	_IN PF LESS	X_YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	_BEIN CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTEDNO	INDUSTRIAL MILITARY	TRANSPORTATIONOTHER:
OWNER OF	FPROPERTY			
NAME	California Departme	ent of Natural Res	ources, Division	of Beaches
STREET & NUMBER	and Parks			
OTHER & NOMES	1416 Ninth Street			
CITY, TOWN	1410 MINCH SCIECE		STATE	
	Sacramento	VICINITY OF	Califor	nia
5 LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	RIPTION		
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	County Recorder's (Office		
STREET & NUMBER		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	240 Church Street			
CITY, TOWN	Salinas		STATE Californ	nin
6 REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS	Callion	IIIa
TITLE		ING BORVETO		
DATE		FEDERAI	STATECOUNTYLOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR				
SURVEY RECORDS				
CITY, TOWN			STATE	

CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

X_EXCELLENT __GOOD

__FAIR

__DETERIORATED
__RUINS
__UNEXPOSED

.__UNALTERED

XXORIGINAL SITE
__MOVED DATE_____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

There was not a single two-storey house in all of California before Thomas Larkin began building in Monterey in 1834, nor was there a house there with a fireplace until the Larkin House. In these and many other characteristics Larkin presented new developments in building whose importance is unrivalled in California.

Thomas Larkin came from Massachusetts, and quite naturally continued to use the building techniques which had been familiar there. Most importantly, he continued to use the timber frame, and quite likely would have built the Larkin House and the others he constructed in Monterey, entirely of timber had the material been readily available. The fact is, however, that the redwood cutting industry was unable to supply the quantity of materials necessary, and so he imaginatively adopted the mud building materials indigenous to the area. The use of adobe should be viewed as more a concession than anything else. It's limitations hardly would have attracted anyone so accustomed to the durable New England frame house, capable of enduring the ravages of weather and time. The two-storey verandah is an attempt to protect the water-soluble walls of adobe, and is probably just an extension of his experience with nineteenth century New England porches.

By using the timber frame, Larkin not only was able to use a lighter shell of mud blocks, but thereby was able to expand the fenestration in a way that the earlier Spanish and Mexican users found impossible.

As has been well stated by Harold Kirker in his California's Architectural Frontier, the most prominent features of the style, of which the Larkin House is the prototype, are the horizontal mass achieved by a low, sloping roof, a long double verandah, or rarely, a cantilevered balcony, the timber frame combined with adobe shell, and the shingle roof. Symbolically, the Larkin House represents a unique compromise between alien immigrant groups....the Spanish and Mexican colonialists, and the new Americans moving in. The Larkin House was widely copied by both the settlers in Monterey, and the older Latins in the area, although much less so by the latter.

The Larkin House is surrounded on three sides by a two-storey balcony while the fourth faces a walled patio. The roof is hipped and covered with shingles, while the windows are of the small-pane sash type. Walls are of adobe, white-washed both inside and outside. The lightness of the exterior appearance is contradicted on the inside where the heavy New England type timber frame is revealed as the ceiling of the ground floor. The interior chimney of the Larkin House is probably the first of its kind in California.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AR	IEAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	ECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	X ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
_1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
<u>X</u> 1800-1899	COMMERCE	_EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES 1835

18.5

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Larkin House is one of the most important of all buildings in California, for as the first residence in Monterey to use a familiar Massachusetts model as the basis of its design, as well as certain of the indigenous building skills, it established a widely-imitated prototype for what we call the "Monterey-Colonial style." Larkin's use of a timber frame to support the upper story permitted a lighter shell of adobe blocks and a greater freedom in fenestration than would be possible where the adobe material predominated structurally. The building truly marks a turning point in the development of California adobe buildings.

HISTORY

Thomas O. Larkin, a New England merchant, arrived in Monterey in 1832 and quickly became a leading and affluent citizen, developing an important commercial and trading business along the coast. He began constructing the Larkin House in April 1835, and completed it at a cost of nearly \$5,000, in 1837. Because of his knowledge and position, he was appointed, in 1843, first U.S. Consul in California. His house, which also served as an office and store, became a gathering place for Americans. In October, 1845, Secretary of State Buchanan sent Larkin instructions appointing confidential agent of President Polk and giving him considerable discretion in preparing the way for the annexation of California by the United States. In the complex and often in the controversial events that followed between 1845 and 1847, Larkin was a key figure and his contribution to events leading to annexation was a major one.

In 1850, following the Mexican War, Larkin sold his Monterey house and the residence then passed through a number of hands. In 1922, Mrs. Alice Larkin Toulman, a granddaughter of Larkin, purchased the property for use as a private residence and in 1957 she donated the dwelling to the State of California.

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STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
11 FORM PREPARED B'				
NAME/TITLE James Dillon, Architect			DATE	
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INATIONAL HISTORIC LANDMARKS)

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

LANDMARKS)

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

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NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

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Larkin House

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER

PAGE 2

CONDITION

The spacious two-story house is about 46 feet wide, 52 feet long, and the adobe walls are two feet thick. The absence of sawmills in the Monterey made it impossible for Larkin to build a traditional New England frame clapboard type of house and led him to innovate: combining a wood frame with adobe construction. Larkin's use of the handhewn redwood frame to support the weight of a second story made possible not only the addition of a second floor but also a much lighter shell of adobe bricks throughout the house then otherwise would have been possible. These thinner walls, in turn, permitted a greater freedom of fenestration than had previously been possible in the traditional thickwalled Spanish Colonial adobe houses. Larkin covered his house with a New England shingled hip-roof and built a broad two-story veranda across the front and around the north end. In 1891, the veranda was extended around the south end. The porch served three purposes: it protected the adobe exterior from the elements, it shaded the house, and it also provided access to rooms on the second floor.

Unlike the Spanish-Mexican adobes, in which the rooms generally opened only out into a patio, first floor rooms in the Larkin House were intercommunicating. The first floor plan followed the traditional American Colonial scheme of two rooms opening off either side of a central hall. An interior stairway also led from the entrance hall to the second floor. On the second level, the traditional adobe floor plan was followed, as the only original access to the individual bedrooms was from the outside. Later in the 19th century, the four bedrooms were also made intercommunicating, as on the first floor. The floors of the house are of random width redwood and pine planks.

On the interior Larkin also introduced a number of features that were new to California adobe residence. These included two interior chimneys, located in the main house so that there were finished fireplaces situated in each room, interior wallpapering, and the use of milled doors and double sash windows of American design.

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Larkin House

CONTINUATION SHEET

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Located at 510 Calle Principale, Monterey, the Larkin House occupies the southwest corner of Calle Principale and Jefferson Street. Adjacent to the garden of the Larkin House is a small adobe building once occupied by William Tecumseh Sherman, when he was a young officer occupying the California Territory. It does not contribute to the national significance of the Larkin House.

The boundary of the Larkin House National Historic Landmark consists simply of the city lot on which the building stands, fronting approximately 100 feet on Calle Principale, and 100 feet on Jefferson Street. The acreage of the site is approximately one-half.