United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

received MAY 1 6 1983 date entered

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	ie				
historic	Gladstone <i>F</i>	\partments			
and/or common	Same				
2. Loca	ation				
street & number	3803 West E	ind Aγe nue √		N/A	not for publication
city, town	Nashyille	N _z	'A vicinity of		
state	Tennessee	code 04	17 county	Davidson	code 037
3. Clas	sification	<u> </u>			·
Category district X building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition N/A in process being consider	on Acce	es occupied inoccupied vork in progress essible res: restricted res: unrestricted	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. O wn	er of Pro	perty			
name	West End De	velopment (Corporation		
street & number	1906 West E	nd Ayenue			
city, town	Nashville	N/A	vicinity of	state	Tennessee 37203
5. Loca	ation of L	egal D	escriptio	on	
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc.	Davidson	County Court	house	
street & number		Public S	quare		
city, town		Nashvill	e	state	Tennessee 37201
6. Repr	esentati	on in E	xisting 9	Surveys	
title		N/A	has this pro	perty been determined eli	igible?yes _X_ no
date		N/A		N/A federal stat	te county local
depository for su	rvey records	N/A			
city, town		N/A		state	N/A
			্ব		

Condition		Check one	Check one	
X excellent	deteriorated	unaltered	_X_ original site	
i good	ruins	X altered	moved date	
good fair	unexposed			

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

7. Description

The Gladstone Apartments is a three-and-one-half story masonry building located on West End Avenue in Nashville, Tennessee. Built in 1923, the Gladstone is an excellent example of early 20th century period revival architecture. The building was designed in the Elizabethan revival style with its half-timbering, narrow casement windows and castellated porch. It has a cut limestone foundation, masonry and frame exterior, and a gable roof. The Gladstone was one of the earliest notable apartment buildings in Nashville and is still used as a multi-family dwelling. Few alterations have been made to the building, and it has retained its original architectural characteristics.

The building is located at 3803 West End Avenue on a 100 by 190 foot lot in a residential area of Nashville approximately three miles southwest of the central business district. It is set back from the street and surrounded by landscaped grounds and a picket fence on three sides. A circular driveway leads to the front entrance while a second driveway leads to a garage at the rear of the building. Located adjacent to the property are residential homes dating from the mid-1920's.

The Gladstone was constructed in the Elizabethan period revival style in 1923. It was designed by noted Nashville architect Charles Ferguson who designed many buildings in the Nashville area. The three-and-one-half story building incorporates frame, brick and stone in its facade. The building is rectangular in shape with slightly projecting end bays and an extended crenelated porch at the entryway. It rests on a cut limestone base and features a gable roof with dormer windows. Distinguishing characteristics of the building include the castellated porch with stone insets, decorative half-timbering, and narrow casement windows. The building's exterior has not been significantly altered.

The north elevation facing West End Avenue is five bays wide and contains many decorative elements. The central bay features an extended open brick porch and steps which lead to the main entryway. The steps are composed of cut limestone with an attached iron railing. The porch features a castellated parapet with stone capping. A large elliptical archway with stone voussoirs and label hood molding dominates the porch's north elevation. Above the arch are two small inset stone panels which flank the large central stone panel bearing the name "Glådstone." On either side of the central arch are stone oriels with decorative corbelling and finials. The porch's east and west elevations contain rounded arch windows with stone surrounds and label hood molding. The central doorway and sidelights are separated by decorative oak pilasters with Corinthian capitals.

The central bay above the porch on the north elevation is distinguished by its inset stonework around the windows which runs the height of the two stories. The three windows on both floors of the central bay are nine-over-one light sash separated by stone mullions. Between the two sets of windows are stone spandrels with a "union jack" pattern.

The two bays which flank the central bay are symmetrical with three windows on each floor. These windows are nine-over-one sash and share a common stone sill.

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The two end bays project slightly from the facade, and each floor features eight narrow light casement windows. Separating the windows on each floor are spandrels containing half-timbering and stucco which repeat the "union jack" motif. Each bay also features a projecting gable at the roofline. These gables contain frame and stucco half-timbering, large support brackets, gothic arched attic windows, and finials. Under the eaves at the roofline are exposed rafters. The roofline also features a hipped dormer window above the central bay flanked by gable dormers with multi-light windows, half-timbering and finials. Also present at the roofline are circular terra-cotta chimney stacks.

The narrow eight light casement windows on the corner bays are carried over onto both the east and west elevations. These elevations each contain six casement windows separated by frame and stucco spandrels to match those on the north facade. The remaining windows on the east and west elevations are nine-over-one light sash. These elevations also exhibit Gothic arched attic windows and half-timbering in the gables.

At the rear of the building (south elevation) is a continuation of nine-over-one sash windows on each floor. The central bay has an entryway at the basement level which leads to a hallway and rear staircase for the apartments. At the roofline above this bay is a hipped roof dormer window. This facade contains a square brick chimney stack which connects with the furnace in the basement. Also present on this facade are rectangular bay windows which are a modern addition.

The interior of the Gladstone Apartments retains many of its original features. The central hallway features tile floors and an oak staircase and bannister. The walls of the hallway are of plaster which was scored to resemble stone. Flooring throughout the building is of oak and has been retained in all apartments. The original retiring beds, kitchen fixtures, plumbing and wiring have been removed in past years.

At the rear of the building is an open garage which was built ca. 1930. It is rectangular with a small projecting shed roof of terra-cotta tiles. It is subdivided into six units for automobile parking.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 X 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agricultureX architecture art commerce communications		landscape architectur law literature military music	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1923	Builder/Architect	Charles Ferguson	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Located on West End Avenue in Nashville, Tennessee, the Gladstone Apartment Building is an architecturally significant property of the early 20th century. The building has been nominated under criterion C because of its association with noted architect Charles Ferguson and its distinctive architectural features. The Gladstone reflects the Elizabethan period revival and is an outstanding example of this 20th century revival style. It is one of the few early 20th century buildings constructed in this style still extant in Nashville. The Gladstone continues to be utilized as a multifamily dwelling, and it still retains the integrity of its original design.

Development of apartment buildings in Nashville increased substantially after 1900 though most buildings were confined to the downtown area until 1910. Because of the increasing popularity of the automobile, many tracts of land surrounding the city were subdivided for new residences along the city's main arteries. One of Nashville's major thoroughfares was West End Avenue which became known for its fine homes and notable residents. Substantial neighborhoods arose along West End. Acklen Park and the present Richland-West End Historic District are examples of these areas. As the city expanded during the early220th century, professional real estate companies acquired large tracts for resele and speculative development.

In 1911 the land presently occupied by the Gladstone Apartments was part of the Bransford Realty Company's Golf and Country Club Subdivision (1). Bransford divided property along West End into 100' by 190' lots for sale as residential properties. The lots now occupied by the Gladstone were bought and sold several times after 1911, but it was not until 1923 that development began on the property.

In May of 1923 Morris Fisher bought parts of two lots of the Bransford subdivision and shortly after began construction of the Gladstone Apartments (2). Fisher was a wealthy Nashville real estate developer who intended that the Gladstone be one of the city's most luxurious apartment buildings. He chose Nashville architect Charles Ferguson to design and oversee construction.

Ferguson had been an architect since 1887 and was responsible for the design of many residences and commercial buildings. He contributed to the design of the Tennessee Centennial Exposition in 1897 and drafted Nashville's reproduction of the Parthenon (3). During the early 1900's, Ferguson designed Pearl High School and many other governmental, commercial and residential buildings. In 1923 Ferguson designed the Elizabethan revival style Gladstone and Westminster Apartments. The Westminster, which stood on Twenty-first Avenue South, was recently demolished; and only the Gladstone remains. These two buildings were among the last designed by Ferguson before he retired in 1926.

The Elizabethan revival style, highly popular between 1910 and 1930, was based on 16th century Elizabethan architecture. Characteristic of this style are large, mullioned windows, half-timbering, and restrained ornamentation. The Gladstone is an outstanding example of this period revival and combines traditional Elizabethan features with exceptional craftsmanship.

9. Majo	or Bib	liograp	hical	Refe	rences			
	seph. "A Columbi	rchitects a Universit	in Ten <mark>n</mark> es		1930, A Bi	bliographica	l Dici	tionary."
10. Ge	ograp	hical C)ata					
Acreage of nomi Quadrangle nam UTM References	ne <u>Nashvi</u>	ty <u>0.43</u> lle West,	[ennessee	2	,	Quadrangle scal	e <u>l:</u>	24000
A 1 6 5 1 Zone Easti		3 ₁ 9 9 ₁ 8 3 Northing	0,8	В	Cone Easting	North	ing	<u>il</u>
C			1-1-1 1-1-1 1-1-1	D				<u></u>
Verbal boundary description and justification The boundary of the Gladstone Apartments is shown as the dotted line on the accompanying Davidson County Tax Map which is drawn at a scale of 100 feet to the inch. This includes all of the property associated with the Gladstone. List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries								
state N			ode N/A	county	N/A		code	N/A
state N		cc	ode N/A	county	N/A		code	N/A
		pared		,				
name/title		J. M. Thomas						
organization	Thomasor	and Assoc	iates		date	January 3,	1983	·
street & number	1700 Hay	ves Street			telephone	(615) 320-5	5732	
city or town	Nashvill	е	•	•	state	Tennessee		
12. Sta	te His	storic	Prese	rvatio	on Offic	er Cert	ific	ation
The evaluated si	gnificance of n ⊛ ional	this property v	,	ate is:				
As the designate 665), I hereby no according to the Deputy State Historic Protitle Executi	minate this p criteria and p eservation O	roperty for inc procedures set	lusion in the forth by the	e National Re e National Pa Sed L	gister and certif ork Service. ———————————————————————————————————	y that it has been		ited
For NPS use	only crtify that this	property is inc	luded in the		gister		3//6	
Attest: Chief of Regi	stration					date	Light Light	

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Why the building was named Gladstone is unclear. The name carries distinct English connotations primarily related to William Gladstone who served as Prime Minister until the 1890's. The name could have been chosen in honor of Prime Minister Gladstone or simply as a name which reflects the English heritage of the building style.

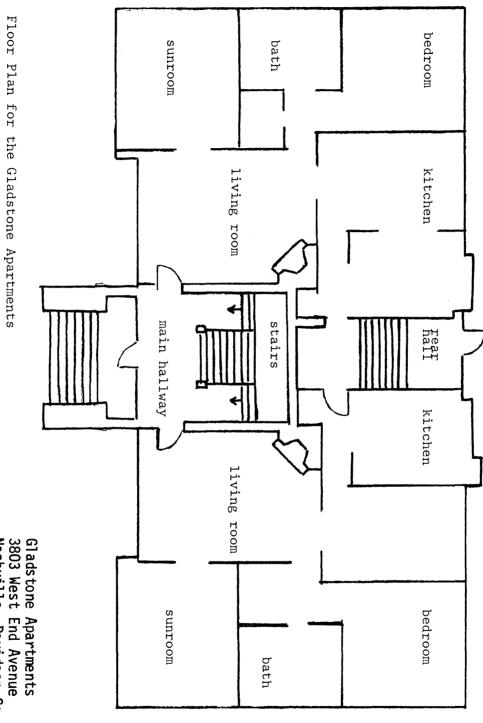
Design and construction of the Gladstone continued throughout the summer of 1923, and it was featured in the Real Estate and Building Review section of the Nashville Banner on September 20, 1923. The article states that the apartments are unusually large and modern, containing "...retiring beds, built-in ice boxes and gas stoves, clear white hardwood floors, tile corridors, and tile bathrooms with showers" (4). All of the apartments were rented several weeks before the building opened, and they were recognized as some of the most luxurious in the city.

The demand for the Gladstone was such that vacancies were rare, and prospective tenants were placed on a long waiting list despite the high rent of the apartments. A 1924 advertisement called a Gladstone apartment one of the prettiest and most modern in West End. The price for the five room apartment was listed at one hundred fifteen dollars per month (5). This is well above the seventy-five dollar average for comparable apartments as noted by the Real Estate Board in 1924; thus the Gladstone was one of the most expensive and distinctive apartment buildings of its day (6).

Few changes have been made to the building since its construction. During the Depression. Morris Fisher had financial difficulties and was forced to sell the property. The building passed through several hands until its present ownership in 1981. The past sixty years have continued to see the Gladstone recognized as one of Nashville's most soughtafter apartment buildings with prospective tenants spending years on the waiting list. Today the building's interior is being restored to its original elegance, and the Gladstone continues to be a landmark on West End Avenue.

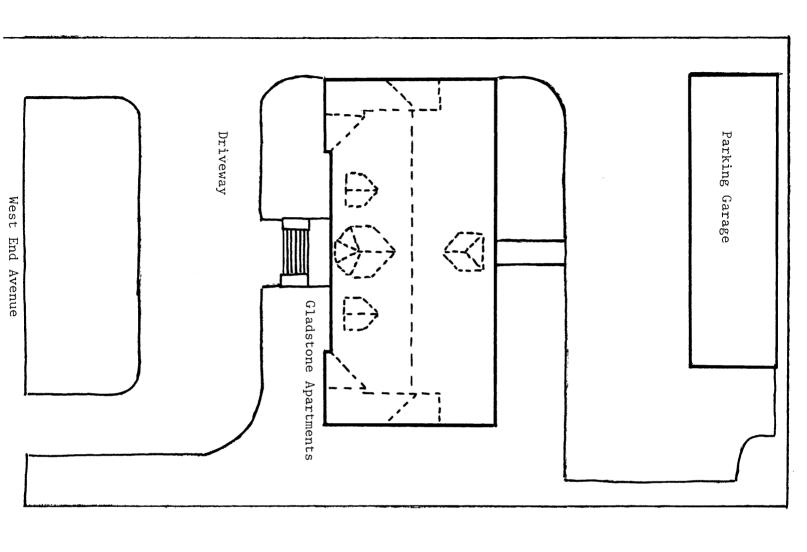
Footnotes:

- Davidson County Deed Book 332, page 152. 1.
- Davidson County Deed Book 612, page 564. 2.
- "Architects in Tennessee until 1930, A Biographical Dictionary." Joseph Herndon. 3. Columbia University, Graduate School of Architecture, New York, 1975.
- Nashville Banner. 20 September, 1923. 4.
- Nashville Banner. 14 September, 1924. 5.
- Nashville Banner. 1 June, 1924. 6.



Gladstone Apartments 3803 West End Avenue Nashville, Davidson Co., Tennessee

Floor Plan (first Story, similar arrangement on other stories)



Z

Gladstone Apartments 3803 West End Avenue Nashville, Davidson Co., Tennessee Site Plan

Not to scale

NPS Form 10-900-a (8-86)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

OMB Approval No/1024-0018

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Section number Page					
Gladstone Apartments	Davidson County,	TENNESSEE			
ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTATIONS	N APPROVAL	Selon Byen 7/15-193			

71000831. Buckingham House, Sevier County. NR3/18/71. The correct significant date should be 1796 only.

71000832. Sevier County Courthouse, Sevier County. NR3/24/71. Romanesque Revival should be added as another style.

73001822. Collier-Crichlow House, Rutherford County. NR7/16/73. Delete the term Chateauesque as a style.

77001264. Riverwood, Davidson County. NR7/20/77. Delete the terms Adamesque and Colonial as styles.

82003982. Louisville and Nashville Passenger Station, Knox County. NR3/25/82. Delete the term Chateauesque as a style.

83003024. U.S. Post Office, Elizabethton, Carter County. NR8/9/83. There is no style mentioned in the data base. The nomination mentions Beaux Arts as a style, but Classical Revival is probably more correct.

83003025. Gladstone Apartments, Davidson County. NR6/16/83. Delete the term Elizabethan Revival and add Classical Revival as the style.

83004256. Knoxville YMCA, Knox County. NR11/17/83. Add the term Renaissance Revival as a style.