For NPS use only

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

received

date entered

	ns in How to Complets s—complete applicat		Forms	
1. Nan	1e			
historic Phil	adelphia Toboggar	n Company Carouse	el #6	
and or common	Elitch Gardens (Carousel (1905-28); Kit Carson County Ca	rousel (1928-date)
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	Kit Carson Cour	nty Fairgrounds		not for publication
city, town Bur.	lington	vicinity	of	
state Colo	orado	code 03	county Kit Carson	code 063
3. Clas	sification			
Category district building(s) structure site object	Ownership X public private both Public Acquisition in process being considere	Status occupied unoccupied work in pro Accessible yes: restric d yes: unrest no	gress educational entertainment ted government	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation X other: Recreation
4. Own	er of Prop	erty		(Carousel)
name Kit (Carson County			
street & number	P.O. Box 248			
city, town Burl	ington	vicinity	of state	Colorado
5. Loca	ation of Le	gal Descri	iption	
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc. Ki	t Carson County (Courthouse	
street & number	251 16th Stree	t		
city, town	Burlington		state	Colorado
6. Rep	resentatio	n in Existi	ng Surveys	
Colorado	Inventory of Sites (#32/06/0	001) has t	this property been determined e	ligible? yes no
date Ongoing			federal X sta	ate county local
depository for su			y of Colorado, 1300 Bro	padway
city, town Den	ver		state	Colorado 80203

7. Description

Condition _X_ excellent	deteriorated	Check one unaltered	Check one original site	
good fair	ruins unexposed	_X_ altered	X moved date	

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Summaryl

The Kit Carson County fairgrounds at Burlington, Colo., features the county's fully restored and operating carousel, a 3-row Philadelphia Toboggan Company machine housed in a dodecagonal shelter structure. The carousel has all its 46 original stationary animals and 4 sleighs, all of which rotate in a counterclockwise direction on a platform 45' in diameter. It also retains 45 original paintings on its central core and its 1912 Wurlitzer Monster Military Band Organ.

Shelter

The dodecagonal structure, built specifically to house the carousel and its organ, is a 1-story building, topped by a 12-sided enclosed cupola featuring 12 small windows, each of which contains 3 vertical panes. The original lap-siding has recently been replaced with steel. There are two entrances, one on the east side and one on the west. When the carousel is in operation, shuttered openings on all sides are raised until parallel with the ground and perpendicular to the walls.

Although of interesting construction, the shelter dates from the carousel's move to Burlington in 1928, and is not regarded as contributing to the historic significance of the carousel.

Carousel

The animals featured in the 3-row carousel include sealions, horses with horse-hair tails, antelopes, deer with antlers, goats, giraffes, and camels, as well as a "seahorse," a dog, an Indian pony, a tiger, a zebra, and a lion (the lead animal). Except for the paired animals flanking the sleighs, all others are arranged in sets of three. Within each set the animal on the outside is the largest and most ornately detailed; the middle animal is smaller with less carving; and the inside animal is the smallest and plainest.

No two animals were carved in the same stance or with the same decorations. Secondary carvings adorning the saddles or the animals themselves include full-blown roses, figures of Cupid, a cat with a mouse in its mouth, a cornucopia, and a wooden medallion with the figure of an Arab shiek. A giraffe has a snake twined around its neck and on the neck of a deer is a woodpecker. Behind the saddle of the zebra is a gnome sitting in a shell aiming a spear at the rider's seat.

The texture of the individual animal coats has been faithfully detailed and teeth, tongues, and hooves are carefully carved. Toed animals have their dewclaws and hooved animals are shod. The antlers on the deer are authentic, as are the horses' tails. All figures have glass eyes carefully matched to those of their natural counterparts.

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Two of the sleighs are positioned on the outside of the circle and are very colorful and ornately carved. The two inside sleighs — like the inside animals — have less decoration. On the back of each of the sleigh seats is a painting similar in character to those around the central core.

Most of the 45 carnival-type paintings that adorn the central core feature bucolic scenes. Of them, 36 measure $38" \times 46"$ and nine $42" \times 65."$ They are arranged in three tiers around the central core, except above the organ where there are only two tiers. Among the paintings is found a sign advertising the carousel's manufacturer. Originally handpainted on canvas, the paintings were completely restored by early May 1977. Carved and painted wooden valances in a repetitive design top each tier of paintings and embellish the circumference of the superstructure. (Before the carousel's move to Burlington in 1928, there may have been 18 additional paintings around the outside perimeter of the top of the carousel; attempts to verify this fact and to locate the paintings have failed. 2)

The central core houses the mechanical driving system, originally steam-operated and belt-driven, but now powered by electricity. This conversion to electrical power is the only alteration that has been made to the carousel. Set into the central core and flanked by the paintings is the Rudolph Wurlitzer Monster Military Band Organ.

The Monster Military Band Organ, Style 155, was designed for use in large skating rinks, amusement parks, and the like. It measures 6'10-1/2" high, 8'9" wide, and 8'3" deep. It is housed in its original oak cabinet with leaded glass panels at the front, which afford a view of some of the enclosed brass horns. Through the use of music rolls, this 100-key instrument is equivalent to a 12-15-piece band. The organ's 285 pipes include the following: 30 pipes for basses; 22 for accompaniments; 100 for violin, violoncello, stopped and open pipes and "clarionets"; and 72 for piccolos and flutes. The brass section is composed of 51 brass trumpets and 10 brass trombones. In addition to both snare and bass drums the organ also features eight stops: two for piccolo and flutes and one each for "clarionets," trumpets, trombones, stopped basses, open basses, and bass octavo. In the 1930s the carousel building was used for storage, and mice destroyed some of the organ parts; the instrument, however, was restored in 1976.

Footnotes

¹This description of the carousel is an edited version of that appearing in the National Register of Historic Places nomination, prepared by Karen Patterson of the Colorado Historical Society in 1978, and a revised form submitted to the National Register and the History Division in 1983, which was prepared by Jo Downey of the Kit Carson County Carousel Association, in cooperation with Gloria Mills of the Colorado Historical Society.

²Kit Carson County Carousel Association, "Kit Carson County Carousel" (undated pamphlet).

8. Significance

Period	Areas of Significance—C	heck and justify below		
prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799	archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture architecture art	community planning conservation economics education engineering	landscape architecture law literature military music	religion science sculpture social humanitarian
1800–1899 X 1900–	commerce communications	exploration settlement industry invention	philosophy politics government	theater transportation X other (specify) Recreation
Specific dates	1905	Builder Architect Philad	elphia Toboggan	(Carousel)

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Company

Summary¹

The Kit Carson County, or Burlington, Carousel is the oldest carousel made by the Philadelphia Toboggan Company extant, in virtually unaltered condition. Its exceptional state of preservation is, in fact, an important element in its significance. It was built in 1905 and was the 6th of some 89 manufactured by the Philadelphia Toboggan Company between 1904 and 1934.² It was built for the Elitches Gardens amusement park in Denver where it remained until 1928, when it was sold to the commissioners of Kit Carson County, a rural county southeast of Denver near the Kansas State line.

The carousels manufactured in Germantown, Pennsylvania, by the Philadelphia Toboggan Company have been highly praised, described, for example, as the "world's finest and most substantially made." The company's work, in any case, was among the more artistically elaborate and expensive of the lines of carousels available.

In common, however, with the work of other manufacturers, relatively few, less than 20, Philadelphia Toboggan Company carousels survive. One, dating from 1922, is housed in the Looff Hippodrome at the Santa Monica Pier in California, where it replaced an original Looff; another, the last owned by the Company, is one of the carousels at the Cedar Point Amusement Park, near Sandusky, Ohio. (Both these properties are included elsewhere in this theme study.)

The Rudolph Wurlitzer Monster Military Band Organ, Style 155, installed on the carousel in 1912, while it was at Elitches Gardens, is also of note because it is apparently the only one of its kind remaining in operating condition.

History

The Philadelphia Toboggan Company, which still survives, was founded in 1903 by Henry Auchy, an amusement park manager, and Chester Albright, who ran his family's purse business. The partners wanted to produce the finest in amusements, especially roller coasters, or "toboggans," and carousels. They successfully tapped the wave of interest in amusement parks that followed the opening that year of Luna Park on Coney Island, and remained important producers of "top-of-the-line" carousels until the Great Depression, when the Company stopped building carousels and concentrated on other amusements, including old mills; their old stand-by, roller coasters; and, after World War II, skee ball. 5

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In 1905, the management of Elitches Gardens, a popular amusement center in Denver, selected and ordered the carousel to replace a simpler and smaller one then in use. It operated until 1928, when Elitches decided to replace it with a new and larger model.

It was at this point that the Kit Carson County commissioners purchased the carousel and the organ, moved them to fairgrounds, and built the dodecagonal structure to house them. The commissioners who approved the carousel's purchase met with such widespread disapproval over the \$1,250 price, a sum that was considered extravagant, that they chose not to run for reelection.

In 1931-37, the Depression forced the county's officials to suspend the holding of the county fair, at which the carousel had been displayed and operated. In those years, the fairgrounds were neglected. Cornstalks and hay were stored in the carousel building and elsewhere on the fairgrounds. Vermin infested the carousel building and waste accumulated in it; mice devoured portions of the insides of the band organ.

When annual fairs resumed in 1937, the carousel and its building were cleared of the accumulated debris and cleaned. The carousel was revarnished and put back into operation. Phonographs and tape recorders provided the music for nearly 40 years, during which time the carousel continued to serve the community.

In 1975, a committee of civic-minded Kit Carson County citizens, eager to undertake a project that would be appropriate for the Bicentennial observance, took note of the state of the carousel. They chose to begin its restoration. An expert was retained to restore the band organ, which was accomplished just in time for the 1976 fair.

Grants and donations were sought to continue the work and the committee reconstituted itself as the Kit Carson County Carousel Association. In 1977, the oil paintings were restored by trained conservators. Two years later, restoration of the animals began. The original paint in most instances turned out to be in astonishingly good condition.

Today, the finely restored carousel is the oldest working carousel in Colorado, although it operates infrequently—principally on the last three days of the annual county fair and in the course of fund-raising drives for its restoration.

Recently, the Burlington Carousel has drawn national interest for its historic qualities. Representatives of the Smithsonian Institution have visited the site to document the early vintage of the carousel and organ. The Conservation Committee of the National Carousel Association has endorsed the object as worthy of preservation. Marianne Stevens, president of the American Carousel Society, has described it as "without equal.... absolutely the finest original American carousel left in the world..."

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Footnotes

¹The basis of the historical data included in this statement is the National Register of Historic Places nomination forms referenced in Note 1 of the Description, with the exceptions noted below.

² National Carousel Association, <u>National Carousel Association Census</u> (Los Angeles, Calif.: National Carousel Association, 1983); and Charles J. Jacques, Jr., "The Carousels of the Philadelphia Toboggan Company," <u>Amusement Park Journal</u>, 5, 4 (1984), pp. 36-37.

³Jacques, op. cit., p. 3.

⁴National Carousel Association Census, <u>op. cit.</u> This conclusion is based on a review of all Philadelphia Toboggan Company entries.

⁵These notes on the Company's history are abstracted from Jacques, op. cit., pp. 3-11.

⁶From the text of a letter to Gloria Mills of the Colorado Historical Society, May 18, 1983. The full text is reproduced with this nomination.

9. Major Bibliographical References

SEE CONTINUATION SHEET

10. Geographi	cal Data		
Acreage of nominated property			
Quadrangle name <u>Burlingtor</u> UTM References	1		Quadrangle scale 1:24,000
A [1,3] [7]3,5]3,6,0 [4,	3 5 4 4 1 0	В	
Zone Easting No	rthing	Zone Eastin	Northing
			- - - - - - - - - -
	1 1 1 1 1	H	
The carousel shelter built Carson County Fairgrounds the north by the county F	lding and the o , and bounded	carousel, situated ir on the east by the F	n the eastern portion of the Kit Home Economics Buildings and on
List all states and counties for	or properties over	lapping state or county b	ooundaries
state	code	county	code
state	code	county	code
11. Form Preparent	ared by		
name/title .James H. Charle	ton Historian		
organization History Division	•		
street & number 1100 L Stre		telephone	(202) 343-8165
city or town Washington		state	DC 20013-7127
12. State Histo	oric Pres	ervation Offi	cer Certification
The evaluated significance of this	property within the	state is:	
national	state	local	
As the designated State Historic P 665), I hereby nominate this prope according to the criteria and procestate Historic Preservation Officer	rty for inclusion in t edures set forth by t	he National Register and cer	servation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– tify that it has been evaluated
title			date
For NPS use only			
I hereby certify that this prop	perty is included in t	he National Register	
			date
Keeper of the National Registe	er		♦
Attest:			date
Chief of Registration			

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